

Spellings were quessed at in many instances. No one episode was familiar to this writer as all were South American events. However, one was apparently a rather famous case that was discovered in research following the phone call. Ouestions were asked in the second phone call and other information was elicited about all episodes. We are still trying to verify some of the episodes by going through material by UFO writers who have covered world sightings, especially South America. Nonetheless, here is the one episode that seems most easily verifiable: B.N. (while on duty in Sao Paulo, Brazil in late 1957) was instructed by his immediate supervisor to report to Aeroporto Santos Dumont in Rio de Janeiro.1 He was flown to Rio the first week in October where he boarded a military transport helicopter along with two other AID men whom he knew, a man introduced as a doctor, and a Brazilian Naval officer. The helicopter crew consisted of a pilot, co-pilot, and navigator - all American Navy men.2 They flew to a Brazilian/American base in the Serro do Espinhaco.3 While at the base they made reconnaissance flights over an area known as Pico da Bandeira. Various apparatus was tested during the flights but the three men from AID did not participate directly in the testing.

During the February 19th, 1978 phone call B.N. related personal information to this writer and provided sketchy details about several UFO "missions" he participated in for the CIA while ostensibly working for AID in Brazil. Notes were taken during the telephone conversation.

A few days after the flights (in the middle of October, 1957) they boarded the same helicopter that brought them to the Espinhaco base. The priginal passengers were on board plus one extra American Navy man. Also on the helicopter was various eletronic gear including an oversized radar scope and a 3' by 5' (estimated) chrome-like cubicle. Medical gear was also on board.

They had been briefed on the mission and their function was outlined as auxiliary in nature, The briefing indicated that the men were participating in new forms of psychological testing that would eventually

be used in military contexts.

They flew to Uberaha where they landed but did not disembark from the helicopter.4 They were back in the air several hours later about 10:00 at night. They flew the Rio Grande River area and scanned the terrain with the helicopter sweep lights. 5 They flew back to

Uberaba and stayed there for the night, in the helicopter.6 The next night they flew the same route as the night before. After several hours? they hovered over a person below who had been dis-

covered by heat sensing devices on board.8 They descended to 200 189 and released a chemical derivative now known as Lorazepam. 10 They landed the helicopter shortly after the chemical release.

The person (a man) was not immobile and started to run. The three All men left the rear hatchla and chased the man. They caught him at the far end of a furrowed field and dragged him back to the helicopter. The helicopter are prung. 12 Dne of the All men helped him into the helicopter are prung. 12 Dne of the All men helped him into the helicopter are not not the helicopter for about two hours. The three

AID men and the helicopter crew waited outside. (8.% said it was a clear, chilly night and the time passed slowly 13 when the man was passed through the helicopter hatch, at about 3100 in the morning was the man to the morning was in the field and laid him mext to tt./who him to a trutter that was in the field and laid him mext to tt./who him to a trutter that the man to the man to the said was the man to the man to the said was the said was to the fast hatch base A feed way later they were returned to Rio de Janeiro.

B.M. resumed work in Sao Paulo. (Other missions were undertaken in several South American countries, nonatbly Argentina and Venezuela, in which B.M. took part. However, his primary involvement was in the Minas Gerais State of Brazil.

when D.M. was sent to the United States in 1963, he was assigned to the Department of Defense as a translater for the military. He traveled with Defense personnel (a function he still performs) on overtees junction to the still performs of the still control of the still of the

has maintained contact with others who have.

In 1964-65 B.W. took part in briefings that outlined procedures for 1970 priseds in England. RAF officers and other British military presented participated, ANTO officers were present as well as CIA operatives and United Statesmilitary, Plans were made for "visual displays, read displayed, and signlagement, and artifact droppings" (his words).

displays, radar displacement, and artifact droppings" (his words). Materials were shipped through the Retherlands Defense Mail depot in New Jersey, 15 Co-ordination of events was placed within jurisdiction of Latenheath ART Station in England. (In the context of this conversation from the second phone call, this writer asked about the Scortton affair which had prompted all this in the first place. Having gathered much information about this incident, this artist place all read on what is, softittedly, a rather confusion

UFO occurrence and an extremely obscure one.) 16

B.N said he remembered the Scoriton incident rather vividly because at a briefing in January 1959 the CLR reported the death of a man in 1966 from excessive experimentation. The event was referred to as the 1955 Devenshire episode. Later on B.N., saw reports that also brought attention to the "microwave accident" with admonitions to CLR and MSD operatives about the injudictions use of microwave technology, the remembers on Destriains on drug experimentation, the did not the second of the

In the 1954-55 project (called Exert to correspond to contemporary epitods planned or Exeter, New Hamphire in the United States and Exeter in Inguism to the United States and Exeter in Inguism that included Overver, Cambridge, Warminster, and Exeter (in Devonshire) because that covered the populous Londoń region and rurai countrysics.

In one of the sightings of 1955 (which he learned about from the 1959 briefing) a man reported a sighting and dropping of material to one of the British UFO groups. CIA operatives on the staff or as members contacted the man about the sighting. While passing the information to Lakenheath through the London CIA office as part of the Exeter project, someone decided to subject the man to further UFO experience.

The san was taken to london where he accepted the offer to have his story verified by the use of a fruith seesing drop. A During this session a doctor administered experimental drugs used to induce specific hall located by microwave transmissions so this case the man was also stimulated by microwave transmissions so that material indiduceds would be retained upon wakening as if a real

Further contacts were established for the man with other UFO groups to monitor the results of the experimentation and to determine the pattern followed by UFO study groups in such cases

B.N. said he saw reports of many such episodes but this was the only one he remembers as having a death attributed directly to the experiment itself.

This writer asked if anyone was disciplined because of the man's death. B.M. said that the ClA neverindertopkoidscolplinary action for any accident in the performance of duty. Furthermore he said there was an experienced by the company of th the CIA was publically on record as having experimented with the publicant holds with the public

He went on to say that if one checked carefully, they would find that

of them. He never saw any film or photographs of humanoids but was present during side presentations that detailed contrived CIA operations. When asked how the CIA created sightings of UFOs or produced landings, he said that holographic techniques were used and had advanced very much over the years from what he saw in the briefing reports. He said he was not capable of giving smetfics as the subject was very confuls words) from overment namulas available to the public.²⁴

or CIA had any real UFO artifacts. He said that there had, indeed,

He said the CIA operated out of Holloman Air Force base and Fort Monmouth which are CIA condults (his word) among others. This represents the gist of B.M.'s remarks during the two telephone conversations with him. Both calls lasted about one and three quarter hours tomether.

No one has talked to R N since

PRESONAL COMMENTS:

B.N. was never coy. He would or would not answer questions put to him, the did not seem overly serious nor flippant or glfb. His comments were generally conversational in tone, He was friendly both times I talked mutual friend's sake. He did not act like a man who was drulging any great secrets. I attribute that to his sophisticated background and foreign influence.

Overall, we think B.N.'s story has some merit. The things we have checked on so far corroborate his remarks in the small details. But we find it hard to accept in its totality -- not for anything that was taid or unaid, but from the sheer improbability or it all.

We are now verifying some of the things he presented and have found no discrepancy thus far however, we gut this paper topelmer for

on to something or not.

Looking back, this writer can now see a dozen or more questions he might have asked. And in going over the material with colleagues much more knowledgeable than I, this writer discovered several areas that should have been cleared up on the spot e.g., where did the briefings take place in this country?

We have discovered that R.M. is very unhappy about his Department of

Defense job and may even have been demoted some time ago. This might account for his motive in telling his story. It certainly account for his obsession with setting up a Bahamian retreat to get away from the rat race? as he calls! The set of the rat race? As he calls! The set of the rate race with the set of the rate of the rat

phenomena, we will drop the matter forthwith.

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We are trying to check whether or not this airport in RIO was

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functioning in 1957 and whther or not military aircraft used the airport. (As of April 26th, 1978 we have not received a reply to our query about this which was directed to the United States Consulate in RIO.) 2. According to the United States Department of the Navy Information Office (Lt. Commander Benson) - via a phone call - Navv ships have been and are located in South American waters. Personnel do have shore leave in various South American cities but Benson could not tell us if United States Navy personnel was flying missions in Brazil in 1957. (We have sent a letter to the Department of the Navy in Washington D.C. for specific information.) 3. We have mailed a letter to the Department of Defense Information Office in Washington D.C. but have received no reply yet. There are shared military bases in some South American countries. As for 1957 and Brazil, we await the DOD letter. We included a question about whether or not there were landing 4. facilities for aircraft in Uberaba in our letter to the U.S.

NOTES

We have mailed a letter to the Department of Defense Information Office in Washington D.C. but have received no reply yet. There are shared military have in some South American countries. As the 1997 and Brazil, we await the DOD letter.
 We included a question about whether or not there were landing facilities for aircraft in Oberaha in our letter to the U.S. communities in RIO. (See Hote 1.)
 Hg.A./Reference to the RIO Grande River is a redundancy of this writer. His notes had "A. Grande" which simply meant NiO Grande as N.N. referred to it.
 We are researching older aircraft books to determine if there are (or were) sleeping accommodations and search lights or "aweep 1 lights (as B.N. called these) on transport helicopters. We are

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6. are (or vere) sleeping accommodations and search lights or "sweep
7. lights' (as B.N. called them) on transport helicopters. We are
9. sume there are but vant to make sure. Also, we are trying to
1. tive considering the rotor action of a helicopter. And are there
rear hatches in military helicopters and rasps or rungs?

8. Heat sensing devices vere used in Victima but we are trying to
determine if they were used in Justima but we are trying to
effective from the air for a body the size of a may.

Heat sensing devices were used in Victima but we are trying to determine if they were used in 1937 and if they are (or were)
 Certagen causes anness of the remembrance process and is currently in use according to one source we have found. Whether or not it produces unconsciousness is being dehecked as well as the date of its first use.
 This reference by B.N. to the weather was thought to be significant.

ficant until we read the famous UFO report that supposedly corresponds to this episode. The words "cold" and "clear" were

used by the abductee (See Note 14.)

This is, of course, the thoroughly reported and famous Villas-14. Boas case, best described in the Lorenzen book, Encounters With UFO Occupants, a 1976 Berkley Medallion paperback. Anvone could read this account and make up a story like B.N.'s - even going so far as adding the nice touch about Villas-Boas bang-on-the-jawy which would account for the marks on Villas-Boas chin that he recounts as "bloodletting" by the Ufonauts that abducted him. Some of the things we are checking are; Does B.N.'s helicopter take him over Sao Francisco de Sales (This is given as Salles in the Lorenzen book); Villas-Boas' town? There are two Sao Pranciscos in the same vicinity. One is on the Sao Francisco River, northwest of Rio de Janeiro. The other is on the Rio Grande. also northwest of Rio de Janeiro but not as much so. One is near Brazilia (the capital), the other is near Sao Paulo State as indicated in the Lorenzen book, Both are in the Mines Carais State. We think that B.N.'s account corresponds to the right town, but if he has made a mistake from misreading the Villas-Boas segment in the Lorenzen book, then we can close the book on this. (We are going to check with the Lorenzens about this as they are the most knowlegeable about the Villas-Boas case.) Also we might ask why no other houses were disturbed by the helicopter at the late hour involved. (Of course one can counter as to why no one was roused by the UFO in Villas-Boas' account of his abduction. We can only speculate that Villas-Boas UFO was of the silent type.) Has anyone ever checked the layout of the Villas-Boas farm and its proximity to other farms or houses? As anyone can see, there are several questions that one can ask about B.N.'s account. And in the answering, one might also shed light on the Villas-Boas case itself. 15. NATO shipments are made through a Netherlands Defense address which is, Netherlands Defense, Shed 217, Parth 70, Worth Plant Street, Fort Newark or Elizabeth, New Jersey, 07114. The Scoriton Mystery is the name of a book by Eileen Buckle, co-16. 17. authored by Norman Cliver. It was published in England, We don't think it was published in the United States. It recounts events in Scoriton (Devon) in 1965 involving a man named Bryant who claimed a sighting wherein he met a space being named "Yanski" who purported to be George Adamski, reincarnated, (Adamski had died very shortly before the supposed contact with Bryant.) The story, as already mentioned, is too complex and confusing to go into in this paper. Reference has been made to the Scoriton hoax by Jerone Clark in his book with Loren Coleman. The Unidentified. Clark accepted the story as a hoax when confronted by material from Norman Oliver, Buckle's co-author, However, there is an epilogue to this 10 year old event that may indicate there is more here than meets the eve. In conjunction with B.N.'s account and new material about the Scoriton story from Buckle we shall prepare a paper for anyone interested in the episode.

pental, hyoscine, and Norepinephrine and he saw those names in many briefing reports, remembering them particularly because he stumbled over them repeatedly while translating for others. 19. These are, of course, Morris Jessup (scientist and author), Frank Edwards (commentator and author), Ed Ruppelt (Air Force Cantain, former head of Project Bluebook, and author) and James McDonald (noted scientist). The only link between them is their public stance on UFOs -- unless one considers their deaths; two suicides (the scientists) and two heart attacks. 20. We can only guess at what B.N. meant by this cryptic remark. We have checked several public pronouncements about the CIA 21. and poison only to find reference to shellfish toxin. The infamous "men in black"? 22. 23. If Hynek was someplace other than the Washington D.C. area (where we assume the alleged briefings took place -- see prior comment), then we can rule this one out. 24 We have done some reading on Holography after these comments and find that extensive work was done on holography as far back as 1948. Filtered mercury lights (arc lights) were originally used then He-Ne gas lasers and now pulsed ruby lasers to produce three dimensional images. Coupled with acoustical holography, holograms illuminated with a collimated monochromatic beam of light could produce a three dimensional object of considerable reality. Two beans focused from a 45 degree angle over a large area could create a hologram some distance away with resolution and fidelity rivaling reality. Holograms can be produced in any open space -- mid-air, some distance away or close to the viewer. The method is not cumbersome and not

18. B.N. said that the CIA regularly used Pentathol or sodium thio-

hean of light could produce a three dimensional object of considerable reality. Two beams focused from a 45 degree angle over a large area could create a hologram zone distance away to be produced in any open papee - nide-air, some distance away or close to the viewer. The method is not cumbersone and not particularly costly. B.N. may have given something interesting, font substantial, here.

Some final thoughts -- Some of us working on this paper have been struck by the lack of <u>real</u> minutiae in B.N.'s account. This is either a fault of this writer, Who may not have asked the right questions in the first place, of It alpha team from the distance between the occurrences and

by the lack of seal minuties in al." "a secount. This is either a fault place, or it shiph team from the distance between the occurrences and the recounting by B.N. It would seen that if he were fabricating his story (especially in the Villar-Dess protion), he would have embellished story (especially in the Villar-Dess protion), he would have embellished that the second story is the second story of the second story is the second story in the second story is the second story is second story in the second story in the second story is second story in the second story in the second story is second story in the second story in the second story is second story in the second story in the second story is second story in the second story in the second story in the second story is second story in the second story in the second story is second story in the second story in the second story is second story in the second story in the second story is second story in the second story in the second story is second story in the second story in the second story is second story in the second story in the second story is second story in the second story in the second story in the second story is second story in the second s

in them. Or we need to see a hologram in operation — as an unfrightened observer who can walk through the image to the producing apparatus. This would constitute proof of things said. Otherwise we have a prelude only.